

## ABSTRACT

A method of preparing beta-spodumene bodies from a plastic batch comprised entirely of minerals, absent a glass component. The resulting structure has a stoichiometry of 1:1:4 ( $\text{LiO}_2\text{:Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{:SiO}_2$ ) to 1:1:11 ( $\text{LiO}_2\text{:Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{:SiO}_2$ ), and exhibits a low coefficient of thermal expansion, high porosity and high strength, and is suitable for automotive catalytic converter substrates requiring a fast light-off time. There is also provided a ceramic article having a solid-solution of beta-spodumene ranging in molar ratio from 1:1:4  $\text{LiO}_2\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiO}_2$  to 1:1:11  $\text{LiO}_2\text{-Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiO}_2$  wherein a component selected from the group consisting of magnesium oxide ( $\text{MgO}$ ), manganese oxide ( $\text{MnO}$ ), and cobalt oxide ( $\text{CoO}$ ) is substituted for lithium oxide ( $\text{LiO}_2$ ) at 10 to 65 mole %, and optionally a minor phase of mullite ( $3\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-2SiO}_2$ ) in an amount of up to 50% by weight.